A55/C.1/L.44: Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-personnel mines and on their Destruction

Explanation of Vote by Mr. J.S. Mukul, Counsellor, Permanent Mission of India in Geneva on October 26, 2000

Mr. Chairman,

My delegation would like to set forth its position on the issue of anti-personnel landmines and the reasons which have led it to abstain on this resolution. India remains committed to the objective of a non-discriminatory, universal and global ban on antipersonnel landmines, through a phased process that addresses the legitimate defence requirements of States, while ameliorating the critical humanitarian crisis that have resulted from an indiscriminate transfer and use of landmines. We believe that a phased approach commends itself as a confidence building process, enabling States, especially with long borders, to safeguard their legitimate security needs. The process of complete elimination of anti-personnel mines will be facilitated by addressing the legitimate defensive role of anti-personnel landmines for operational requirements under the defence doctrines of countries concerned, through the availability of appropriate militarily-effective, - "non-lethal alternative technologies" - that can perform cost-effectively the legitimate defensive role of anti-personnel landmines.

We would support negotiations in the Conference on Disarmament for a ban on transfers of anti-personnel landmines on the basis of a mandate that reflects the interests of all delegations. India has been an active participant in the CCW process and has ratified all its Protocols including Amended Protocol-II on landmines.